

TDS2 BROMUS Paste for trained professionals

"Rodent control"

Rodenticides

Version: 2025



BROMUS Paste for trained professionals

Codice prodotto: 2450618

Category: Biocide

Ready-to-use rodenticide bait in the form of fresh paste for use by trained professionals.

Italian Ministry of Health Registration:

IT/2014/00194/AUT

Description:

BROMUS FRESH PASTE is a ready-to-use rodenticidal bait based on an anticoagulant active substance, called Brodifacoum, effective against house mice (Mus musculus), common rats (Rattus norvegicus) and black rats (Rattus rattus), even after a single ingestion. The formulation consists of a fresh paste that is palatable to the indicated rodent species. The product does not alert or arouse suspicion in other rodent populations.

BROMUS FRESH PASTE contains a bitter substance to prevent accidental ingestion by children.

BROMUS FRESH PASTE can be used in and around industrial buildings (including warehouses, stores, ship holds), rural, civil, residential, cellars, garages, storage rooms, gardens and outdoor areas.

Method of use:

BROMUS FRESH PASTE is a ready-to-use bait in the form of a paraffin wax block, to be used exclusively in tamper-proof, properly marked bait containers, protected from the weather, ingestion by non-target species and dispersal in the environment.

DOSES AND METHODS OF USE

For use indoors: for the control of house mice (Mus musculus), common rats (Rattus norvegicus) and black rats (Rattus rattus):

Common rats (Rattus norvegicus) and black rats (Rattus rattus):

In case of high infestation: place 100 gr of BROMUS FRESH PASTE per container, corresponding to 5 baits in ready-to-use paste blocks of 20 grams each. in case of low infestation: place 60 gr of BROMUS FRESH PASTE per container, corresponding to 3 baits in ready-to-use paste blocks of 20 grams each.

House mice (Mus musculus): place 40 gr of BROMUS FRESH PASTE per container, corresponding to 2 baits in ready-to-use paste blocks of 20 g each.

Remove residual product at the end of the treatment.

Follow any further instructions as required by relevant good practice.

Whenever possible, before treatment, inform potential bystanders (e.g. those frequenting the treated area and its



surroundings) of the ongoing pest control campaign. Consider preventive control measures to encourage uptake and reduce the likelihood of re-infestation (e.g. blocking possible openings, removing potential food and water sources as much as possible).

In order to reduce the risk of secondary poisoning, search for and collect dead rodents during treatment and at frequent intervals, in accordance with relevant recommendations of good practice.

Do not use the product as a permanent bait for the prevention of rodent infestations or for monitoring rodent activity. Do not use the product in treatments where 'pulsed baiting' technique is used.

If bait points are placed near water drainage systems, prevent the bait from coming into contact with the water. For outdoor use, around buildings. For the control of house mice (Mus musculus), common rats (Rattus norvegicus) and black rats (Rattus rattus):

Common rats (Rattus norvegicus) and black rats (Rattus rattus):

In case of high infestation: place 100 gr of BROMUS FRESH PASTE per container, corresponding to 5 baits in ready-to-use paste blocks of 20 grams each.

in case of low infestation: place 60 gr of BROMUS FRESH PASTE per container, corresponding to 3 baits in ready-to-use paste blocks of 20 grams each.

House mice (Mus musculus): place 40 gr of BROMUS FRESH PASTE per container, corresponding to 2 baits in ready-to-use paste blocks of 20 g each.

Remove residual product at the end of the treatment.

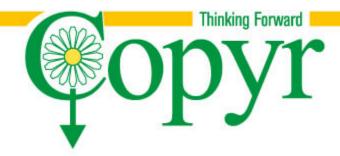
For covered and protected bait sites: for outdoor use, bait points should be covered and placed in strategic locations to minimise exposure to non-target species.

Do not use this product directly in nests.

Whenever possible, before treatment, inform potential bystanders (e.g. visitors to the treated area and its surroundings) of the ongoing pest control campaign. Consider preventive control measures to encourage uptake and reduce the likelihood of re-infestation (e.g. blocking possible openings, removing potential food and water sources as much as possible). In order to reduce the risk of secondary poisoning, search for and collect dead rodents during treatment and at frequent intervals, in accordance with relevant recommendations of good practice.

If bait points are placed near surface water (e.g. rivers, ponds, water channels, dams, irrigation canals) or water drainage systems, prevent the bait from coming into contact with the water.

Do not use the product as a permanent bait for the prevention of rodent infestations or for monitoring rodent activity. Do not use for treatments where 'pulsed baiting' technique is used.



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User:

Professional

Warnings:

Before use, read and follow the instructions on the product packaging as well as the information accompanying the product or provided at the point of sale.

Prior to positioning the bait, check the infested area and carry out an on-site assessment to identify rodent species, locations of activity and determine the probable cause and extent of infestation.

Remove food sources within easy reach of rodents (e.g. spilled grain or food waste).

Moreover, do not clean up the infested area just prior to treatment, as this will only disturb the rodent population and make it more difficult to gain acceptance of the bait.

The product must only be used as part of an integrated pest management (IPM) system, which includes, inter alia, hygiene measures and, where possible, physical control methods.

Consider preventive control measures to encourage uptake and reduce the likelihood of re-infestation (e.g. blocking possible openings, removing potential food and water sources as much as possible).

Bait containers must be placed in the immediate vicinity of places where rodent activity has been previously verified (e.g. walkways, nests, livestock entrance fences, openings, burrows, etc.).

Where possible, secure bait containers to the ground or other structures.

Bait containers should be clearly labelled indicating that they contain rodenticides and must not be removed or opened. When the product is used in public areas, the treated areas must be marked during the treatment period. A warning must be displayed alongside the baits indicating the risk of primary and secondary anticoagulant poisoning and the first aid measures to be taken in the event of poisoning.

The bait should be secured so that it cannot be dragged out of the bait container.

Place the product out of reach of children, birds, pets, farm animals and other non-target animals.

Place product away from food, drink and animal feed as well as utensils or surfaces that may come into contact with the product.

Wear chemical-resistant protective gloves when handling the product.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash hands and exposed skin directly after using the product.

The frequency of visits to the treated area is at the discretion of the operator, in the light of the survey conducted at the start of treatment. The frequency should be in accordance with the recommendations of relevant good practice.

If bait consumption is low in relation to the evidential extent of the infestation, consider repositioning bait points in other locations and changing bait formulation type.

If, after a treatment period of 35 days, baits are still being consumed and no decrease in rodent activity is observed, the most likely cause must be determined. If other elements have already been excluded, resistant rodents are likely to be present, so consider using a non-anticoagulant rodenticide or a more effective anticoagulant rodenticide where available. Consider the use of traps as an alternative control measure.

Collect remaining bait product or bait containers at the end of the treatment period. Do not open the bait bags.

Unit of sales:

10 kg box

Notes:

Use biocides with caution. Always read the label and product information before use.

Attention is drawn to the hazard warnings and symbols on the label.

The text in the specifications corresponds to the label approved by the Ministry of Health.